

## Annexure A - AMBIA Design Guidelines and Restrictive Covenants

Lot \_\_\_\_\_ SOUTHERN RIVER, WA

### Introduction

The Design Guidelines and Restrictive Covenants form Annexure 'A' under the Contract of Sale. All Buyers must comply with the conditions set out in this Annexure 'A'.

The Design Guidelines define the criteria the Seller will use in order to assess building plans for Design Approval.

The "Restrictive Covenants" (Annexure A) are the various restrictions placed on the title for the benefit of all landowners in Ambia.

The "Building Requirements & Special Conditions" (Annexure B) are the criteria the Seller uses to implement building time restrictions and other special conditions of sale.

These Design Guidelines are in addition to existing statutory or other local authority requirements. LWP does not warrant that the City of Gosnells will approve or refuse any house plan, even if it satisfies these Design Guidelines.

LWP encourages innovation in built form and variety in architectural expression in the design of homes at Ambia. LWP reserves the right to amend the conditions outlined in Annexure 'A' and approve designs which do not strictly comply with these guidelines but are considered by LWP to be of merit.

### Buyers Must Comply

The Buyer warrants and undertakes that any building and other improvements shall be constructed on the property in accordance with:

1. The Design Guidelines; and
2. Plans and Specifications firstly approved in writing by LWP Property Group Pty Ltd; and
3. The additional provisions in this Annexure 'A'.

The Buyer acknowledges that they are in receipt of a copy of the Design Guidelines.

### Approval Process

Before you lodge your new home plans with the City of Gosnells, you are required to obtain Design Approval from LWP. The process to obtain Design Approval is as follows:

1. Ensure when designing your home you refer to the requirements outlined in this document, Contract of Sale, individual lot plan and Local Development Plan if applicable.
2. Upon completion of your design, submit in PDF format to the LWP Online Approval Submissions and Information System (OASIS) at [www.lwpoasis.com.au](http://www.lwpoasis.com.au):
  - One A3 set of plans including site plan, floor plan/s and elevations including setbacks, levels, key dimensions, roof pitches and materials.
  - A completed Schedule of External Materials (Annexure "C").
3. LWP will issue a Design Approval where plans appropriately comply or provide comments where a design may not comply (allow 7-10 working days).
4. Upon receipt of an approval from LWP, seek relevant approval from the City of Gosnells.

<b>DESIGN GUIDELINES</b>	
<b>1. Objective</b>	
LWP's aim is to create a strategy for ensuring Ambia presents a high quality appearance in its built form, landscaping and overall streetscape.	
<b>2. Site Considerations</b>	
<b>2.1 Local Development Plans</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Designers should refer to applicable Local Development Plans to identify any special requirements with particular reference to primary frontages, setbacks, minimum open space and permissible site coverage.</li> </ul>
<b>2.2 Orientation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Unless varied by a Local Development Plan, the nominated primary elevation for homes directly abutting a public reserve is as follows:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Laneway Lots: The public reserve is considered as the primary elevation.</li> <li>Street or Mews Lots: The public reserve is considered as the secondary elevation, however homes will be required to provide habitable rooms, an outdoor living area and architectural features to the rear elevation.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Homes nominated as "Dual Frontage" will provide primary elevation requirements to both street and public reserve elevations.</li> <li>Unless varied by a Local Development Plan, homes are required to provide at least one main living area with access to north / north east or eastern sun. Exceptions may be granted for homes facing north or homes on lots less than 12m frontage.</li> </ul>
<b>2.3 Site Classification</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Purchasers are advised to consult their builder to obtain an accurate geotechnical classification of the lot.</li> <li>Geotechnical classification testing cannot be performed until the civil works are completed.</li> </ul>
<b>3. Streetscape and Building Design</b>	
<b><u>Architectural Character Statement</u></b>	
<p>Ambia is a special place where you'll love living amongst the ambience of the classic Aussie landscape, however still be so close to everything you need such as schools, shops, parks and much more.</p> <p>At Ambia, we've taken inspiration from the beauty of the Australian landscape to create an exciting, modern and relaxed environment for you to call home.</p> <p>Townhouses at Ambia will follow simple principles to ensure this wonderful climate of ours is taken advantage of by designing with the outdoors in mind. Large expanses of glazing such as windows and bi-fold doors located at the front of the home will draw-in natural light and enhance interaction with your friendly neighbours. Make sure verandahs, pergolas and balconies are on the list too as views over the natural bushland will be yours forever.</p> <p>Contemporary elements such as raked, gable-end and skillion roof forms, exposed structural beams, weather screens, feature walls and elements which provide articulation will be incorporated into elevations.</p> <p>To contribute towards Ambia's signature aesthetic, a predominantly neutral colour palette will be complimented by feature materials including vertically proportioned timber elements, dry-stacked stone and breeze way blocks to add texture and interest.</p> <p>Ornate or overly decorative elements such as moulding, finials/timber fretwork, glazing bars etc should be avoided to ensure a modern aesthetic.</p> <p>To achieve the complete Ambia look, a native landscape palette should be adhered to for front gardens. A completely modern, waterwise and low maintenance design can be accomplished without incorporating turf. Birds will thrive in this environment, not to mention the amazing visual array that can be created using our wonderful selection of colourful, native plants.</p>	

<p><b>3.1 Streetscape</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Where more than two dwellings are adjacent and constructed by the same Purchaser, diversity in the front façade is required; in colour, material and architectural features. Substantial repetition of the same façade treatment will not be permitted.</li> <li>• Homes shall incorporate at least one habitable room window overlooking the primary street and/or public reserve where the public reserve is deemed the primary elevation.</li> <li>• Windows to bathrooms, w/c and wardrobes will not be permitted within primary elevations. Consideration may be granted for secondary elevations where windows are minor, setback and are not obscurely glazed.</li> <li>• All elevations or portions of elevations visible from public view shall be finished in the same manner as the primary elevation.</li> </ul>
<p><b>3.2 Building Design</b></p>	<p><b>3.2.1 Primary / Front Elevation</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Homes shall have well articulated facades by providing at least one major indentation or projection in the floor plan for example balconies, verandahs or porch recesses. Minor articulation shall also be achieved through the use of architectural features such as overhanging gable ends, feature walls, awnings, plinths etc</li> <li>• A minimum of two <b>(2)</b> different wall materials is required (excludes doors &amp; windows). Choose from: painted render, timber, stone, breeze way blocks, light-weight cladding such as weatherboard, face brick or painted brick <i>*Timber, light-weight cladding etc should be vertically proportioned. Where face brick is the main material it must be of the single course variety. Please refer to the Ambia Colour and Materials Palette for paint, material and face brick colours.</i></li> <li>• Window frames, front doors, balustrades, gutters and fascias shall be consistent with the <i>Ambia Colour and Materials Palette</i>.</li> <li>• The majority of glazing (windows and doors) within the primary and secondary elevations must be vertically proportioned. Highlight windows above doors and extended window and/or door height is encouraged.</li> <li>• To ensure that architectural character is incorporated into the design of homes, a minimum of three <b>(3)</b> of the following architectural features shall be selected. Choose from:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A verandah or balcony which has a minimum width of 2.1m x 1.2 deep with the longest portion parallel to the street;</li> <li>2. A traditional or asymmetrical gable-end roof element (raked ceilings and detailing such as beams to define the roof structure are strongly encouraged);</li> <li>3. A substantial steel structure such as an attached arbour, pergola or vertical garden element;</li> <li>4. A Juliette balcony, decorative parapet or feature wall;</li> <li>5. Inclusion of a feature material including stone, vertically proportioned timber or light-weight cladding such as weatherboard or breeze way blocks. <i>*Stone must be in grey tones – refer to Ambia’s Colour and Materials Palette;</i></li> <li>6. Substantial glazing to the primary elevation such as bi-fold doors or additional glazing panels/increased height to all doors/windows;</li> <li>7. Louvre weather screens and awnings to openings.</li> </ol> </li> <li>• Parapet walls to side boundaries must not protrude forward of the fascia, or above the soffit line of the roof where an eave is proposed (i.e. shall be angled with the pitch of the roof). Consideration may be given to a parapet wall forward of the fascia and above the soffit where the wall abuts an existing or simultaneously constructed wall of similar dimensions or where the parapet wall forms part of a feature blade wall (minimum width dimension 290mm). Any part of a parapet wall which is visible from the street shall be finished in the same manner as the primary elevation colour/materials*. No spandrels are permitted to the front elevation.</li> <li>• Where an existing parapet wall has been constructed, consideration should be given to reducing the impact of the wall upon the streetscape i.e. aligning setbacks and heights of adjacent walls accordingly.</li> </ul>

<p><b>3.2 Building Design cont...</b></p>	<p><b>3.2.2 Secondary Elevations</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Homes located on a corner or with the side boundary adjacent a street, park or public access way shall provide a secondary elevation.</li> <li>• Secondary elevations are to be an extension of the primary elevation’s features and must include architectural features, colours and materials and a habitable room addressing the street.</li> <li>• Colours and materials must match the primary elevation for the entire length of the secondary elevation.</li> <li>• Windows to non-habitable rooms such as ensuites, bathrooms, water closets and robes should be avoided where highly visible or be well disguised i.e. hidden behind weather screens.</li> <li>• Garages and carports shall be located at the lot boundary opposite the corner truncation.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>3.2.3 Roof</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pitched roofs such as hipped or gable end roofs should be a minimum of 24 degrees pitch.</li> <li>• Skillion roofs must have a minimum pitch of 5 degrees and a maximum of 15 degrees.</li> <li>• Sections of flat roof are permitted provided that the roof and gutter are concealed behind parapet walls.</li> <li>• A roof overhang in the form of eaves or a gable-end shall protrude by a minimum of 300mm. Alternatively, weather protection may be achieved via a balcony, verandah, entry recess or window awnings.</li> <li>• The following roofing materials are permitted: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Corrugated metal deck;</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Roofs shall be consistent with the following Colorbond colours (or similar where an alternative supplier is used): Surfmist, Evening Haze, Paperbark, Shale Grey, Dune, Windspray, Cove, Gully, Wallaby, Basalt or Woodland Grey.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>3.2.4 Height</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A vertical emphasis is encouraged to offset the reduced width of homes. Internally through the use of shaped ceilings and skylights; and externally by utilizing additional parapet height or changes in the roof line.</li> <li>• All homes shall be a minimum of two storey with an internal ceiling height minimum of 2572mm to the ground floor.</li> </ul>
<p><b>3.2 Building Design cont...</b></p>	<p><b>3.2.5 Garages &amp; Carports</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The roof and design features (including door colours) of garages and carports must be consistent with the main dwelling.</li> <li>• <b>Unless varied by a Local Development Plan</b>, the size and location of garages is as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Garages must be located for access from the rear laneway where one is provided.</li> <li>2. For homes on corner lots the crossover (garage/carport) is to be located as close to the lot boundary opposite the corner truncation as possible (subject to engineering constraints).</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Carports may be permitted, however shall be fitted with a remote controlled sectional door.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>3.2.6 Studio Accommodation/ Fonzie Flat</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The materials, colours and architectural features shall be consistent with the main dwelling.</li> <li>2. Developments shall provide windows and balconies for surveillance to laneways or streets.</li> <li>3. A separate entry located and visible from the laneway or secondary street is recommended.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	<p><b>3.2.7 Driveways, Crossovers &amp; Footpaths</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Driveways and crossovers shall be constructed prior to occupancy and shall be coloured to complement the dwelling.</li> <li>• Rear driveways are permitted to be constructed from coloured concrete in muted, earthy tones.</li> <li>• Footpaths to front doors should be constructed from clay/concrete block paving, exposed aggregate, liquid limestone or other materials which compliment the landscape design.</li> </ul>
<p><b>4. Ancillary Building Works</b></p> <p>These are building works generally undertaken in addition to the primary building contract by the developer and/or Buyer. All ancillary works shall comply with the requirements set out below and Buyers must submit plans to LWP for approval prior to the commencement of any ancillary building works.</p>	
<p><b>4.1 Ancillary Works</b></p>	<p><b>4.1.1 Developer Works</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Existing site levels shall not be altered by more than 200mm. Any retaining walls required as a result of building will not be the responsibility of LWP. Retaining walls visible from the street shall match the Estate materials.</li> <li>• Where a fence, entry statement or retaining wall has been constructed by LWP it must not be removed, altered or the structural integrity be compromised in any way and must be maintained to the standard by which it was constructed.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>4.1.2 Side and Rear Fencing</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Side and rear fencing as prescribed by the Seller will be installed by LWP to a maximum height of 1.8m.</li> <li>• Side dividing fencing will extend up to 1m behind the front building line (where applicable).</li> <li>• Secondary street fencing as prescribed by the Seller will be installed to a maximum height of 1.8m. Secondary street fencing will be located up to the extent of the secondary elevation (i.e. at least 3m from the corner of the home).</li> <li>• Rear fencing for lots on laneways as prescribed by the Seller will have a maximum height of 1.8m.</li> <li>• The Buyer will be responsible for installing any return panels or gates which are to be complete prior to the installation of the front yard landscape package and must complement the dwelling or Estate materials.</li> <li>• <b>Please contact LWP 6 weeks prior to the completion of your home to arrange an installation date for the side and rear fencing.</b></li> </ul>
	<p><b>4.1.3 Front Fencing</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Front fencing is generally not encouraged, however if a front fence is installed, the following conditions apply:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Front fencing within the primary street set back must be visually permeable above 900mm to a maximum height of 1.2m.</li> <li>2. Materials and colours must be consistent or complementary with the primary street elevation colours and finishes.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
	<p><b>4.1.4 Letterboxes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Where letterboxes are provided by LWP they must not be removed or altered in anyway.</li> <li>• Freestanding letterboxes constructed at the front of homes shall be consistent with the materials and colours of the primary elevation.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>4.1.5 Telecommunication and Entertainment Services</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LWP has provided access to the National Broadband Network. Refer to your contract for specifications required by your builder.</li> <li>• Where required, TV antennas should be located within the roof space or positioned so they are away from public view. Satellite dishes must be approved first in writing from LWP.</li> </ul>

	<p><b>4.1.6 Plant and Equipment</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All service elements such as hot water units (including solar), rain water tanks, clothes drying areas and downpipes should be hidden from public view. Roof mounted items such as air conditioners shall be placed as far away as possible from the street front as possible.</li> <li>• Where downpipes are unavoidably positioned on the front elevation, these shall be concealed, painted to match the wall colour or treated as an architectural element e.g. with rain heads.</li> <li>• Solar panel collectors are the exception to this standard and should be located to maximize their effectiveness.</li> <li>• Air conditioning units must match the colour of the roof.</li> <li>• Meter boxes must match the wall colour.</li> <li>• The installation of security shutters is discouraged. To reduce impact on the streetscape, alternatives such as security mesh or protective film to glazing shall be considered.</li> <li>• Bins storage adjacent the primary street is not permitted. Where a laneway is provided, bins shall be stored for access from the laneway. Allowances should be made for screening of bins in outdoor living areas or within a carport or garage.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>4.1.7 Outbuildings</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Internal storage facilities should be incorporated into the design of the home or garage.</li> <li>2. Sheds or outbuildings are generally not permitted, however may be considered if less than 8m<sup>2</sup> in size.</li> </ol>
	<p><b>4.1.8 Landscaping</b></p> <p>Unless otherwise stipulated in the Contract of Sale, all homes approved by LWP and built in accordance with the approved plans, will receive front yard landscaping and irrigation installation at the cost of LWP. Your front garden will be designed in consultation with a landscape architect who specializes in current landscape trends and low water usage Western Australian Plants. <b>Please contact LWP 6 weeks prior to the completion of your home to arrange an installation date.</b></p> <p>Landscaping will only be installed once:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Side fencing panels and/or side gates are installed by the owner;</li> <li>• The driveway, crossover and any footpaths are completed;</li> <li>• All excess soil &amp; debris is removed from the site and the lot is restored to the as constructed level prior to building commencement;</li> <li>• All retaining walls and hardstands are completed by the owner.</li> </ul> <p>Please refer to the Ambia Front Landscape Package Brochure for design styles and further information.</p>

<b>5. Glossary of Terms</b>	
An alphabetical collection of specialist building and planning terms and their meanings.	
<b>Architectural Element</b>	A structure designed as a separate identifiable part of a building.
<b>Articulation</b>	Variation in the elevation through projections and indentations in the floor plan (main building line) and roof design to create shadows and add visual interest to the façade.
<b>Awning/Canopy</b>	A roof structure supported by a frame and located over a window to provide sun shading.
<b>Corner Lots</b>	A lot which is located at the junction of two streets or at the junction of a street and public reserve.
<b>Facade</b>	The face of the building which is oriented towards the primary street. The façade shows the building's most prominent architectural or design features.
<b>Front Fencing</b>	All fencing forward of the main building line.
<b>Gable</b>	The triangular top section of an end wall that fills the space beneath where the slopes of a two sided pitched roof meet. Gables can be in the wall material or another feature material i.e. weatherboard cladding or timber
<b>Gambrel</b>	A triangular feature within a hipped roof structure most commonly finished in a lightweight cladding such as painted weatherboard or timber
<b>Habitable/Non-Habitable Room</b>	All bedrooms, kitchens or living rooms. Non habitable rooms include bathrooms, laundry, stairs or circulation spaces.
<b>Hip Roof</b>	A roof with sloping ends as well as sides.
<b>Laneway</b>	A narrow road located at the rear or side boundary of the property for the chief purpose of vehicle access.
<b>Living Areas</b>	Rooms designed for living in especially for relaxation, social and recreational activities.
<b>Main Building Line</b>	The main building line is classed as the forward most habitable room(s) in the primary façade (this excludes features such as porches, porticos and verandahs).
<b>Mews</b>	A narrow street with no verge. A mews usually contains small houses with the main entry and vehicle access both facing the mews.
<b>Porch</b>	A covered shelter at the front of the home located adjacent the entry.
<b>Portico</b>	A covered walkway leading to the main entrance that consists of a separate roof structure to the main dwelling and is supported by piers or pillars.
<b>Primary Elevation</b>	The elevation of the home which is usually inclusive of the main entry and the majority of architectural features.
<b>Public View</b>	An area in view from common spaces such as public reserves or streets.
<b>Public Reserve</b>	A public reserve is any parkland, bushland, wetland, public access way or any other space designated for public purposes within the residential community.
<b>Secondary Elevation</b>	The elevation of the home which is exposed to public view but does not usually consist of the main entry or majority of architectural features.
<b>Skillion Roof</b>	A mono pitch roof of gentle slope generally between 5 <sup>o</sup> -15 <sup>o</sup> pitch.
<b>Verandah</b>	A covered shelter at the front of the home which usually has its own separate roof and is supported by pillars, posts or piers. Verandahs shall be designed to facilitate outdoor seating and not be entirely obstructed i.e. by the entry way.